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17MAT31

c. Solve $u_{n+2} + 6u_{n+1} + 9u_n = 2^n$ with $u_0 = u_1 = 0$ using z-transform.

(06 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. Fit a straight line y = ax + b for the following data by the method of least squares.

x :	1	3	4	6	8	9	11	14
y :	1	2	4	4	5	7	8	9

(08 Marks)

b. Calculate the coefficient of correlation for the data:

x :	92	89	87	86	83	77	70	63	53	50
y :	86	83	91	77	68	85	54	82	37	57

(06 Marks)

c. Compute the real root of $x\log_{10}x - 1.2 = 0$ by the method of false position. Carry out 3 iterations in (2, 3). (06 Marks)

1	r	D
		ĸ

6 a. Fit a second degree parabola to the following data $y = a + bx + cx^2$

x :	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4
y :	1.1	1.3	1.6	2	2.7	3.4	4.1

(08 Marks)

b. If θ is the angle between two regression lines, show that

 $\tan \theta = \left(\frac{1 - r^2}{r}\right) \frac{\sigma_x \sigma_y}{\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2} ; \text{ explain significance of } r = 0 \text{ and } r = \pm 1.$ (06 Marks)

c. Using Newton Raphson method, find the real root of the equation $3x = \cos x + 1$ near $x_0 = 0.5$. Carry out 3 iterations. (06 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. From the following table, estimate the number of students who obtained marks between 40 and 45.

Marks :	30 - 40	40 - 50	50 - 60	60 - 70	70 - 80
No. of students	31	42	51	35	31
	-		100		(09 N

b. Use Newton's dividend formula to find f(9) for the data:

6 equal parts

X		5	7	11	13	17
$f(\mathbf{x})$:	150	392	1452	2366	5202
			25	and a		

(06 Marks)

c. Find the approximate value of $\int \sqrt{\cos\theta} \, d\theta$ by Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rd rule by dividing $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ into

(06 Marks)

OR

8 a. The area A of a circle of diameter d is given for the following values:

d		80	85	90	95	100
a	:	5026	5674	6362	7088	7854

- Calculate the area of circle of diameter 105 by Newton's backward formula. (08 Marks)
 b. Using Lagrange's interpolation formula to find the polynomial which passes through the points (0, -12), (1, 0), (3, 6), (4, 12). (06 Marks)
- c. Evaluate $\int_{4} \log_{e} x \, dx$ taking 6 equal parts by applying Weddle's rule. (06 Marks)



Fig.Q.2(b)



17EE32

c. For the network shown in Fig.Q.2(c). Find the voltage V_{AB} using the nodal method.

(04 Marks)



3 a. In the network shown in Fig.Q.3(a) two voltage sources act on the lead impedance connected to the terminals AB. If this load is variable in both reactance and resistance, what load Z_L will receive maximum power? What is the value of this maximum power?

(06 Marks)

b. For the network shown in Fig.Q.3(b), find the Thevenin's equivalent network across the terminals A and B. (08 Marks)

Fig.Q.3(b)



c. In the network shown in Fig.Q.3(c), determine the voltage ' V_x '. Then apply the reciprocity theorem and compare the two voltages. (06 Marks)

0 12

4 a. Use superposition theorem to find voltage 'V' in the network shown in Fig.Q.4(a) (06 Marks) $10 \text{ pc} - 60^{V}$

Fig.Q.4(a) Fig.Q.4(a) 4A 4A4A

b. Fid.Q.4(b) shows one form of the equivalent circuit of a transistor amplifier. Obtain its Thevenin's equivalent network across the output terminals 'A' and 'B'. (08 Marks)



c. Find the value of R_L of the network of Fig.Q.4(c) that will absorb a maximum power and specify the value of that power. (06 Marks)



Module-3

- 5 a. A series RLC circuit has $Q_0 = 5.1$ at its resonant frequency of 100kHz. Assuming the power dissipation of the circuit is 100W when drawing a current of 0.8A, find: i) R,L,C ii) Band width (Δf) of the circuit and iii) Half-power frequencies. (08 Marks)
 - b. Fig.Q.5(b) shows a network with zero capacitor voltage and zero inductor current when the switch 'K' is open. At t = 0 the switch 'K' is closed. Solve for i) V_1 and V_2 at $t = 0^+$



OR

6 a. Fig.Q.6(a) shows a RLC parallel circuit excited by a dc current source. At t = 0, the switch 'K' is opened. Find v(t). (12 Marks)



b. For the circuit of Fig.Q.6(b), find the value of capacitance so that the circuit resonates at W₀ = 5K rad/s.
 (08 Marks)

Fig.Q.6(b)



3 of 4

Module-4

7 a. Find the Laplace transform of the periodic Saw tooth wave shown in Fig.Q.7(a). (12 Marks) $E_{1}^{f(x)}$



b. Find the Laplace transform for the wave form shown in Fig.Q.7(b).

(08 Marks)



(10 Marks)

- 8 a. State and prove initial value and final value theorems in Laplace transformation.
 - b. Fig.Q.8(b) shows an R-C circuit excited by a sinusoidal voltage $V(t) = 200 \sin (2000t + \phi)$. The capacitor has an initial charge of 1.25×10^{-3} C with polarity as shown. Find the current if the circuit is switched on at $\phi = 90^{\circ}$, using Laplace transformation technique. (10 Marks)



Module-5

9 a. Find the reading on the Wattmeter in Fig.Q.9(a) when the circuit is connected to a 400V,
 3-\$\phi\$ supply. The phase sequence is RYB. Neglect Wattmeter losses. (10 Marks)



b. Obtain the y-parameters of the circuit shown in Fig.Q.9(b). Find its equivalent circuit using y-parameters and find whether the network is i) reciprocal ii) symmetrical. (10 Marks)



10 a. In a 3-phase 3-wire 400 ∠0° system abc, loads 6∠0°, 6∠0° and 8∠-90° Ω are connected to phases a, b, c respectively as shown in Fig.Q.10(a). Find : i) Line currents and ii) Voltage V_{ao}, V_{bo} and V_{co}.



b. Find the transmission or ABCD parameters of network shown in Fig.Q.10(b). Find whether the network is i) Reciprocal ii) Symmetrical. (10 Marks)



1 a. 2 a 3 a.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 **Transformer and Generator**

CBCS SCHEME

Time: 3 hrs.

USN

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, ahoosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- Explain operation of practical transformer on no load along with neat phasor diagram.
 - (07 Marks) b. With neat circuit diagram, discuss in detail how to perform OC and SC tests on single phase transformer. (08 Marks)
 - c. Define voltage regulation of two winding transformer and derive condition for zero voltage regulation. (05 Marks)

OR

- What is V-V connection? State the merits and demerits of V-V (open delta) connection.
 - b. Find all day efficiency of single phase transformer having maximum efficiency for 98% at 15KVA at UPF (Unity Power Factor) and loaded as follows: 12 hours - 2kW at 0.5 power factor lagging
 - 6 hours 12kW at 0.8 power factor lagging

6 hours - No load.

State the advantages of single three phase transformer over bank of single phase transformer. С. (05 Marks)

Module-2

- Two single phase transformer with equal voltage ratio connected in parallel, share a load of 400kWA at power factor of 0.8lag. Their equivalent impedance referred to secondary winding are $(1+j2.5) \Omega$ and $(1.5 + j3) \Omega$ respectively. Calculate the load shared by each transformer. (07 Marks)
 - b. With neat circuit diagram, explain in detail how to perform Sumpner's test. (08 Marks)
 - Mention the need and necessary conditions for parallel operation of two single phase C. transformer. (05 Marks)

OR

- 4 What is autotransformer? State advantages and disadvantages of autotransformer. (07 Marks) a. Derive an expression for saving of copper when an autotransformer is used and also mention b. its applications. (08 Marks)
 - With neat diagram, describe off circuit tap changing transformer. с. (05 Marks)



Max. Marks: 100

(07 Marks)

(08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. A 6 pole, 150 armature current dc shunt generator has 480 conductors and is wave wound. Find demagnetizing and cross magnetizing ampere turns/pole at full load if.
 - i) Brushes are at the geometrical neutral axis (G.N.A)
 - ii) Brushes are shifted from G.N.A by 5° eleatrical
 - iii) Brushes are shifted from G.N.A by 5° mech.
 - b. What is commutation? Explain practical commutation with neat diagram of DC machine.

(08 Marks)

(07 Marks)

(05 Marks)

(05 Marks)

(07 Marks)

c. What is three winding transformer? How the stabilization is achieved due to tertiary winding.
 (05 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Discuss comparison between the following in alternator
 - i) Single layer and double layer windings
 - ii) Full pitch and fractional pitch coils.
 - b. What is armature reaction? With neat figures explain armature reaction in machine under normal working conditions. (08 Marks)
 - c. Derive emf equation of alternators.

8

Module-4

- 7 a. What is synchronization of alternators? State the necessary condition for synchronization. How three phase alternators are synchronized? (10 Marks)
 - b. With neat circuit diagram, explain how to perform slip test on salient pole synchronous machine and indicate how X_d and X_q can be determined. (10 Marks)

OR

- a. What is synchronoscope? How it is used for synchronization of alternators? (07 Marks)
 b. A 400V, 50Hz delta connected alternator has a direct axis reactance of 0.1Ω and q quadrature axis neactance of 0.07Ω per phase. The armature resistance is negligible. The alternator is supplying 1000A at 0.8pf lagging p.f. i) Find excitation emf neglecting saliency and assuming X_d = X_s; ii) Find the excitation emf taking into account the saliency. (08 Marks)
 - c. Write a short note on V-curves on synchronous generator.

Module-5

- 9 a. With neat circuit diagram, explain in detail how to perform zero power factor test and use potier reactance to determine regulation. (10 Marks)
 - b. The effective resistance of 2.2kV, 50Hz, 440kVA, single phase alternator is 0.5Ω. on short circuit a field current of 40Amp gives a full load current of 200A. The emf on open circuit with the same field excitation is 1.16 KV. Find the value of synchronous impedance and find the voltage regulation at full load and i) Unity power factor ii) 0.8pf lag. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10a.What is short circuit ratio? Explain the significance of SCR.(07 Marks)(07 Marks)(07 Marks)
 - b. Write a short note on capability curves of synchronous generator. (08 Marks)
 - c. What is hunting in synchronous machine? Explain the role of damper winding. (05 Marks)

* * * * *



Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Analog Electronic Circuits

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. With a neat circuit diagram, explain Emitter stabilized bias circuit, write the necessary equation. (08 Marks)
 - b. Determine output voltage for the following circuit in Fig.Q.(b). Assume f = 1000Hz and ideal diode. (06 Marks)



c. Derive the expression for stability factors of fixed bias circuit with respect to I_{CO}, V_{BE}, β and draw the circuit diagram.
 (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the circuit of a transistor switch being used as an inverter. (06 Marks) b. Determine the voltage V_{CE} and the current I_C for the voltage divider configuration Given: $R_1 = 39K\Omega$, $R_2 = 3.9K\Omega$, $R_C = 10K\Omega$, $R_E = 1.5K\Omega$, $C_E = 50\mu$ F, B = 100, $V_{BE} = 0.7$. (08 Marks)
 - c. Sketch the output waveform for the network shown in Fig.Q.2(c). If the peak value of the a.c input if 15 V and draw the transfer characteristics. (06 Marks)



Fig.Q.2(c)

17EE34

Module-2

- 3 a. With a neat circuit diagram, derive an expression for Z_i , Z_o and A_v of fixed bias circuit using $r_e model$. (08 Marks)
 - b. For the Emitter follower network shown in Fig.Q.3(b). Determine r_e, Z_i, Z_o and A_v. (06 Marks)



c. Prove that Miller effect of input capacitance $C_{Mi} = (1-A_v)C_f$ and output capacitance $C_{Mo} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{A_v}\right)C_f$. (06 Marks)

OR

4 a. For the following circuit determine Z_i , Z_o , A_v , A_i h = -0.99, h_{ib} = 14.3 Ω . (08 Marks)



b. What are the advantages of h-parameters? (06 Marks)
 c. Define h-parameters and obtain h-parameter equivalent circuit of CE configuration. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Obtain expression for voltage gain, current gain, input and output impedance of a Darlington Emitter follower circuit. Draw necessary equivalent circuit. (12 Marks)
 - b. With a neat block diagram, obtain expression for Z_{if} and Z_{of} for voltage series feedback amplifier. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Explain the general characteristics of negative feedback amplifier. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the need of cascading amplifier. A given amplifier arrangement has the following gains. $Av_1 = 10$, $Av_2 = 20$ and $Av_3 = 40$. Calculate overall voltage gain and total voltage gain in dB. (06 Marks)
 - c. With a simple block diagram, explain the concept of feedback amplifier. (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of a class B push pull power amplifier and maximum conversion efficiency is 78.5%.
 (08 Marks)
 - b. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of RC-phase shift oscillator using BJT and write fose equation. (06 Marks)
 - c. A series fed class A amplifier as shown in Fig.Q.7(c). Operates from a DC source and applied sinusoidal input signal generates peak base current 9mA. Calculate I_{CQ}, V_{CEQ}, P_{dc}, P_{ac} and efficiency.



- 8 a. The frequency selective circuit arms of wein bridge oscillator uses $C_1 = C_2 = 0.001 \mu F$, $R_1 = 10 K\Omega$ while R_2 is kept variable. The frequency is to be varied from 10Hz to 50kHz by varying R_2 . Find the range of R_2 . (06 Marks)
 - b. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of a transformer coupled class A power amplifier and prove that conversion efficiency is 50%. (08 Marks)
 - c. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the working principle of crystal oscillator in series resonant mode. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the operation of JFET amplifier using fixed bias. Draw the JFET small signal model and derive the expression for Z_i, Z_o and A_v. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the construction, working and characteristics of n-channel enhancement type MOSFET. (08 Marks)
 - c. Determine the following for network shown in Fig.Q.9(c) V_{GSQ}, V_{DS}, V_S, V_G, V_D. (06 Marks)

$$\frac{1+20V}{3.3K_{M}} = 2.6 \text{ MA}$$

$$\frac{9}{3.3K_{M}} = 8 \text{ MA}$$

$$\frac{9}{4} = 8 \text{ MA}$$

$$\frac{9}{4} = 8 \text{ MA}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -6V$$

Fig.Q.9(c)

(06 Marks)

Compare FET over BJT. With a neat diagrams, Explain the construction, working and characteristics of n-JFET's. b. (08 Marks)

10 a.

> Design the fixed bias network as shown in Fig.Q.10(c) having an a.c. gain of 10. Determine с. (06 Marks) the value of R_D.



		CBCS SCHEME	
USN	1		17EE35
		Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July	y 2019
		Digital System Design	
Tir	ne:	3 hrs.	Max. Marks: 100
	N	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from	each module.
		Module-1	
1	a.	What is a K-map? Which is the code used to number K-map and	why? Write a neat
		numbered 4-variable K-map.	(06 Marks)
	b.	Using K-map, evaluate the minimal POS expression of,	
		$f(a, b, c, d) = \pi M(0, 2, 4, 6, 8) \cdot \pi D(1, 9, 12, 15)$	(08 Marks)
	С.	Evaluate the minimal SOP expression using VEM with 'Z' as MEV.	
		$f(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13) + \sum d(1, 6, 11, 14)$	(06 Marks)
		OR	
2	a.	What is don't care condition? What are its advantages?	(04 Marks)
	b.	Evaluate the canonical SOP expression and hence determine the minim	al expression using
		K-map $F = \overline{ABD} + \overline{AB} + \overline{AC} + \overline{CD}$.	(08 Marks)
	С.	Minimize the following SOP expression using Quine McCluskey method	:
		$f(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(3, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15) + \sum d(2, 6)$	(08 Marks)
		Module-2	
3	a.	With a neat diagram, explain the operation of a carry look-ahead adder ci	rcuit. (10 Marks)
	b.	Implement the following Boolean function using a 4:1 MUX with a and b	o as select inputs.
	0	$f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m (4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 15)$	(06 Marks)
	L.	Implement a 2 to 4 decoder using 1 to 2 decoders.	(04 Marks)
		OP	
4	а	Design a full adder using 4:1 MI IX	(06 Marks)
	h.	Implement a 1-bit comparator using a suitable decoder	(06 Marks)
	с.	With a logic diagram, explain the operation of a decimal to BCD priority	encoder (08 Marks)
			(00 1/11/10)
		Module-3	
5	a.	Explain the operation of an SR latch with a circuit diagram and charact	eristic table. Justify
		its application as switch debouncer with a relevant circuit and waveforms	6. (08 Marks)
	b.	Design a 4-bit shift register using DFFs. Design a twisted ring counter	r using a 4-bit shift
		register.	(06 Marks)
	C.	Design a mod-IT up ripple counter using TFF.	(06 Marks)
		OP	
6	a.	What is the problem in SRFF? How is it eliminated in JKFF? Explain wit	th a neat diagram.
			(06 Marks)
	b.	With a neat logic diagram, explain the different modes of operation	n of universal shift
		register.	(07 Marks)
	С.	Design a synchronous counter using JKFF with counting sequence 0, 2, 6	0, 1, 3, 7, 0
		1 of 3	(U/ Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-4

- List out the merits and demerits of synchronous sequential circuit asynchronous sequential 7 a. (04 Marks) circuits.
 - b. Design a clocked synchronous sequential circuit that operates according to the state diagram shown in Fig.Q7(b). Use DFF in the circuit.

00

10

0/0

iv) State diagram

CLK

0/0

1/0

Fig.Q7(b) Analyze the following sequential circuit and obtain: [Fig.Q7(c)] C. vii) Transition table i) FF input and output equations

0

iii) State table

OR Compare and contrast Mealy and Moore synchronous sequential networks with neat block 8 a. diagrams. (04 Marks)

Fig Q7(c)

2

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A sequential network has one input and one output. The state diagram is as shown in b. Fig.Q8(b). Design the sequential network using TFF.



(10 Marks)

(06 Marks)

(10 Marks)

An edge triggered DFF is connected as shown in Fig.Q8(c). Assuming Q = 0 initially, sketch c. the output waveform and determine the frequency of the output signal.



(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Module-5

- Explain entity and architecture with reference to VHDL code of full adder circuit. (08 Marks) a. b.
 - Write VHDL code to implement 2:1 MUX.
 - List out all operators in VHDL with examples. C.

9

OR

- 10 Explain various data types supported in VHDL with examples. a. (08 Marks)
 - Implement a 1-bit comparator either using VHDL code or verilog. b. (04 Marks)
 - С. Implement a JKFF with active low asynchronous inputs pr and clr along with clock input using verilog/VHDL. (08 Marks)



2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

(10 Marks)

(04 Marks)

- Explain the method of measurement of magnetizing force with a neat diagram. (08 Marks) 6 a.
 - A particular bar type current transformer has 300 secondary turns. The secondary winding b. carries a burden of ammeter having resistance 1Ω and inductive reactance of 0.53 Ω . While the secondary resistance and reactance are 0.25, 0.35Ω . The magnetizing m.m.f. required is 85A while the current component for core losses is 50A. Find: i) The primary current when secondary current is 5A, ii) The ratio error, iii) The reduction in the number of turns of (12 Marks) secondary to obtain zero ratio error.

Module-4

- With the help of neat sketch, explain the working of true RMS voltmeter. (08 Marks) 7 a. (06 Marks) Explain the working of electronic multimeter. b. (06 Marks)
 - Explain the working principle of electronic energy meter. с.

OR

- With a block diagram, explain the 8 a.
 - Ramp-type digital voltmeter i)
 - Integrating type digital voltmeter. ii)
 - What are the advantages of electronic instruments? b.
 - A coil with a resistance of 12Ω is connected across the test terminals of Q-meter circuit and resonance occurs when the frequency of the oscillator is 1000kHz and the capacitance of the resonating capacitor is 75pf. Calculate % error introduced in calculated value of Q due to an insertion resistance of 0.02Ω across the oscillator. (06 Marks)

Module-5

9	a.	Explain the following: i) Light emitting display ii) Liquid crystal display.	(08 Marks)
ł	h Explain with neat sketch, cathode ray tube.	Explain with neat sketch, cathode ray tube.	(06 Marks)
	0.	Write short notes on: i) Dot-matrix display (ii) Bar-matrix display.	(06 Marks)

Write short notes on: i) Dot-matrix display ii) Bar-matrix display. C.

OR

10	a	Explain with neat sketch electro-cardio-graph [ECG].	(08 Marks)
10	b.	Explain strip-chart recorders.	(06 Marks)
	с.	Explain x-y recorders.	(06 Marks)



GBGS SGHEME

a. Obtain a reduction formula for $\int_{1}^{\pi/2} \sin^{n} x dx$, (n > 0). 5 (08 Marks)

b. Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{2a} x^2 \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx$$
. (06 Marks)

c. Evaluate $\int \int xy \, dy \, dx$ (06 Marks)

1 of 2

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written c_{g} , 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

1

2

3

4

17MATDIP31

(08 Marks)

OR

a. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{x} \int_{0}^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dz dy dx$. (08 Marks) 6 b. Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^6}{(1+x^2)^{9/2}} dx$. (06 Marks)

c. Evaluate $\iint xydxdy$ where A is the area bounded by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ in the first (06 Marks) quadrant.

Module-4

- A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r} = \cos 2t \hat{i} + \sin 2t \hat{j} + t \hat{k}$. Find the components of velocity a. 7 and acceleration at $t = \frac{\pi}{\Re}$ along $\sqrt{2}\hat{i} + \sqrt{2}\hat{j} + \hat{k}$. (08 Marks)
 - Find divergence and curl of the vector $\vec{F} = (xyz + y^2z)\hat{i} + (3x^2 + y^2z)\hat{j} + (xz^2 y^2z)\hat{k}$. b. (06 Marks)
 - Find the directional derivative of $\phi = x^2 yz^3$ at (1, 1, 1) in the direction of $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$. c. (06 Marks)

- Find the angle between the tangents to the curve $x = t^2$, $y = t^3$, $z = t^4$ at t = 2 and t = 3. 8 a. (08 Marks)
 - Find curl(curl \vec{A}) where $\vec{A} = xy\hat{i} + y^2z\hat{j} + z^2y\hat{k}$ (06 Marks) b.
 - Find the constants a, b, c such that the vector field $(\sin y + az)\hat{i} + (bx \cos y + z)\hat{j} + (x + cy)\hat{k}$ C. (06 Marks) is irrotational.

Module-5

9 a. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$. (08 Marks) b. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \sin x$. (06 Marks) c. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = y^2 x$. (06 Marks)

OR

10 a. Solve $x^2 y dx - (x^3 + y^3) dy = 0$.

- b. Solve $x^2 \frac{dy}{dy} = 3x^2 2xy + 1$. (06 Marks)
- c. Solve $\left[y \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) + \cos y \right] dx + \left[x + \log x x \sin y \right] dy = 0$. (06 Marks)

		GD	CS	S	Ch	
USN						

17CPH39/49 Question Paper Version : A

Third/Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 **Constitution of India, Professional Ethics & Human Rights**

(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

Max. Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all the thirty questions, each question carries **ONE** mark.
- 2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
- 3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid. 4.
- 5. Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.
- 1. The members of the Constituent Assembly which drafted the constitution of India were, a) Nominated by the British parliament
 - b) Nominated by the Governor General
 - c) Elected by the Legislative Assemblies of various provinces
 - d) Elected by the Indian National Congress and Muslim league.
- Which one of the following determines that the Indian constitution is federal? 2.
 - a) A written and rigid constitution
 - b) An independent judiciary
 - c) Vesting of residuary powers with the centre
 - d) Distribution of powers between the centre and the state.
- 3. The Indian parliamentary system is different from the British parliamentary system in which of the following respects?
 - a) Both a real and a nominal executive b) A system of collective responsibility
 - c) Bicameral legislature
- d) A different judicial review
- 4. Which one of the following objectives is not embodied in the Preamble to the Constitution of India?
 - a) Liberty of thought
 - c) Liberty of expression
- b) Economic liberty
- d) Liberty of belief

- 5. The mind of the makers of the Constitution of India is reflected in which of the following?
 - a) The Preamble

c) Right to equality

c) 9th Amendment

- b) The Fundamental Rights
- c) The Directive Principles of State policy
- d) The fundamental duties.
- 6. Which one of the following rights was described by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar as the heart and soul of the Constitution?
 - a) Right to freedom of religion
- b) Right to property
- d) Right to constitutional remedies.
- 7. The 9th schedule to the Indian Constitution was added by;
 - a) 1st Amendment
- b) 8th Amendment
- d) 42nd Amendment
- 8. Which one of the following Articles of the directive principles of state policy deals with the promotion of international peace and security?
 a) 51
 b) 48A
 c) 43A
 d) 41
- 9. The ideal of 'Welfare state' in the Indian Constitution is enshrined in its ;
 - a) Preamble

- b) Directive Principles of State Policy
- c) Fundamental rights
- d) 7th Schedule
- 10. For a citizen of India, the duty to pay taxes is a;
 - a) Fundamental duty b) Legal obligation
 - c) Constitutional obligation d) I
- d) Moral obligation
- 11. Which of the following statements regarding the pardoning Powers of the President is incorrect?
 - a) Pardoning power of the president is restricted.
 - b) President can completely pardon any sentence
 - c) The power to pardon is the discretionary power of President
 - d) None of these.
- 12. Which one of the following is responsible for the preparation and presentation of union budget of the parliament?
 - a) Department of Revenue
- b) Department of Economic Affairs
- c) Department of Expenditure
- d) None of these
- 13. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding budget?
 - a) The term 'Budget' is not explicitly stated in Indian Constitution
 - b) The Budget can be introduced in Lok Sabha only
 - c) The introduction of budget required recommendation of the President
 - d) The Budget is passed like an ordinary bill in the parliament.

-A2-

- 14. The power of the Supreme Court of India to decide disputes between the Centre and the States falls under its;
 - a) Advisory jurisdiction
 - c) Original jurisdiction
- b) Appellate jurisdiction
- urisdiction
- d) Constitutional jurisdiction

15. The power to increase the number of judges in the Supreme Court of India is vested in;

- a) The President of India
- b) The Parliament
- c) The Chief Justice of India
- d) The Law Commission.
- 16. There is a Parliamentary System of Government in India because the
 - a) Lok Sabha is elected directly by the people
 - b) Parliament can amend the Constitution
 - c) Rajya Sabha cannot be dissolved
 - d) Council of Ministers is responsible to the Lok Sabha
- 17. Appointment, posting and promotion of district judge in a state are made by the a) Governor in consultation with the High Court
 - b) Chief Justice of the High Court of that state in consultation with the Governor
 - c) President in consultation with the High Court
 - d) President in consultation with the Governor and the High Court.
- 18. Notifications in respect of by-elections to the Lok Sabha are issued by the
 - a) Election commission b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
 - c) The Whip d) No notification is required for by-election.
- **19.** With reference to 'None of the Above (NOTA)' option on electronic voting machines and ballot papers, consider the following statements :
 - The Citizens of India have the right to negative vote by exercising the 'None of the Above' option in EVMs and ballot papers.
 - II) If NOTA gets the highest votes is an election, then the election is conducted again.
 - a) I only c) II only

- b) I and II d) None of these
- **20.** With reference to 73rd Amendment Act of the constitution, a Grama Sabha is a body consisting of
 - a) All the adult population of the Village under the Panchayat
 - b) The whole population of the villages under the Panchayat other than children less than five years of age.
 - c) The registered voters of the villages under the Panchayat
 - d) None of the above.

a) Moral imagination

- 21. Which of the following is not taken as the aim of engineering ethics?
 - b) Recognition of ethical issues
 - c) Sense of responsibility d) Shifting of responsibility
- 22. Which of the following is not a concept of responsibility?
 - a) Minimalist
- b) Maximalist

c) Reasonable care

d) Good works

-A3-

- 23. Corrupt Professional Judgment leads to a) Integrity in R&D
 - c) Conflict of interest

- b) Reliability
- d) None of these

24. The formulate of a soft drink is an example ofa) Copy Rightb) Trade Secretc) Patentd) Trade Marks

- 25. It is not a kind of trademark:a) Designsc) Symbols
- b) Sounds
- d) Good will

b) Principles

- 26. These are not trade secrets a) Formulas
 - c) Devices
- d) None of these
- 27. Stealing of intellectual property means
 - a) Cooking
 - c) Plagiarism

b) Forgingd) Symbols

- 28. Cooking means
 - a) Boiling under pressure
 - b) Making deceptive statements
 - c) Retaining results with fit the theory
 - d) Misleading the public about the quality of a product.
- 29. This is not dishonesty in engineering
 - a) Forging
 - c) Trimming

- b) Blending
- d) Cooking
- 30. One of the ways of reducing the risk is
 - a) Complex interaction
 - c) Normalization of deviance
- b) Tight coupling
- d) Changing the working system.

-A4-



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(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 30

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು

- ಎಲ್ಲ ೩೦ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೂ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದು ಅಂಕ.
- ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್ ಉತ್ತರ ಷತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯು.ಎಸ್.ಎಹ್ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಹಾಗೂ ಪಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಯನ್ನು ಅಂಡರೆ A, B, C ಅಥವಾ D ಯಾಸ್ನು ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲದಂತೆ ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿ ಗುರುತಿಸುವುದು ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಿಯಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.
- 3. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್ ಉತ್ತರ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿರುವ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಭರ್ತಿಮಾಡದೆ ಹಾಗೆಯೇ ಬಿಟ್ಟಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಭರ್ತಿಮಾಡಿದ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ವ್ಯತ್ಕಾಸವಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಂತಹ ಉತ್ತರ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ರದ್ದು ಪಡಿಸಲಾಗುವುದು.
- 4. ಕೇಷಲ ಒಂದು ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಮಾತ್ರ ಉತ್ತರ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಗುರುತಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದು. ಒಂದೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಎರಡು ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸುವುದು ಅಮಾನ್ಯ.
- 5. ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ನಿಮಗೆ ಒದಗಿಸಲಾಡ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್ ಉತ್ತರ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಕ**ಷ್ಟು ಅಥವಾ** ನೀಲಿ ಶಾಹಿಯ ಬಾಲ್ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್ನಿನಿಂದ ಗುರುತು ಮಾಡಚೇಕು.
- 1. ವಿಶ್ವಾಮಿತ್ರ ತ್ರಿಶಂಕುವಿಗಾಗಿ ಇದನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಮಿಸಿದನೆಂದು ಗೊರೂರರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರರೆ.
 - ಅ) ಪಾಕಿಸ್ತಾನ ಬ) ಎಮ್ಮೇ ಕ) ಈಚಲು ಮರ ಡ) ತ್ರಿಶಂಕು ಸ್ವರ್ಗ.
- "ಮಹಿಷ ಮಂಡಲ" ಎಂದರೆ
 ಅ) ಅಂದ್ರ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಬ) ನಭೋಮಂಡಲ ಕ) ಮೈಸೂರು ಡ) ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.
- 3. ಬಿ.ಜಿ. ಎಲ್ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಅಕಾಡೆಮಿ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ತಂದುಕೊಟ್ಟ ಕೃತಿ
 ಅ) ಕಾಲೇಜು ರಂಗ ಬ) ಹಸಿರು ಹೊನ್ನು ಕ) ನಾಕುತಂತಿ ಡ) ಅದಿರಂಗ ಪುರಾಣ.

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- 4. ಅಗೋ ಚೆಲುವಿನ ರಾಣಿ ಬಂದಳು ಹೀಗೆ ಕೂಗಿದ ಬೆಡ್
 ಅ) ನಾಲ್ಕನೇ ಬ) ಐದನೇ ಕ) ಆರನೇ ಡ) ಏಳನೇ.
- 5. ಗೊರೂರರ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಕಲಿಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕಾಗಿರುವ ಗುಣ
 ಅ) ಕೆಂಪುಗುಣ ಬ) ಸಾತ್ವಿಕ ಗುಣ ಕ) ತಾಮಸ ಗುಣ ಡ) ರಾಜಸಗುಣ.
- ನೇಣುಗಂಬವ ಕೂಡ ದಿಕ್ಕರಿಸಿ ನುಗ್ಗುವರು ಇದು ಯಾವ ಕವನದ ಸಾಲು
 ಅ) ರೋಟ್ಟೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕೋವಿ ಬ) ಶ್ರಾವಣ ಕ) ಬೆಲ್ಟೀಯ ಹಾಡು ಡ) ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ ಕವನ.
- 7. ಕಜ್ಜ ಇದರ ತತ್ಸಮ ರೂಪ
 ಅ) ಕಾಯ ಬ) ಕಾವ್ಯ ಕ) ಕರ್ತ್ಯ ಡ) ಕಾರ್ಯ.
- 8. ಕತ್ತಿಮಸೆ ಇದು ಅ) ಜೋಡಿಪದ ಜ) ಸಂಬಂದಿತ ಪದಗುಂಪು ಕ) ನುಡಿಗಟ್ಟು ಡ) ದ್ವಿರುಕ್ತಿ ಪದ.
- 9. "ಅಬ್ಬಕ್ಕೇರಿಸು" ಈ ನುಡಿಗಬ್ಬಿನ ವಿಶೇಷಾರ್ಥ
 ಅ) ಮೇಲೆಹತ್ತು ಬ) ಹೊಗಳು ಕ) ಅಬ್ಬಕ್ಕೇ ಹೇರಲು ಸಹಕರಿಸು ಡ) ಮೇಲಕ್ಕೇ ಹತ್ತಿಸಬೇಕು.
- 10. ನೋಡಿದಳು ಇದರ ನೆಷೇದಾರ್ಥ ಆ) ನೋಡಳು ಬ) ನೋಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು ಕ) ನೋಡಿದ್ದಳು ಡ) ನೋಡುತ್ತಾಳೆ.
- 11. ಕಲಿಭೀಮನೆ ಇದರ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ

 ಅ) ಚತುರ್ಥಿ
 ಬ) ದ್ವಿತೀಯಾ

 ಕ) ಸಂಭೋಧಾನಾ
 ಡ) ಸಪ್ತಮಿ.
- 12. ಮೂಡಣ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಪದ ಅ) ಪಡುವಣ ಬ) ತೆಂಕಣ ಕ) ಬಡಗಣ ಡ) ಮೂಡಣ

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13. ದ.ರಾ.ಬೇಂದ್ರೆಯವರ ಕಾವ್ಯನಾಮ ಅ) ಅಂಬಿಕಾತನೆಯ ದತ್ತ ಬ) ವಿನಾಯಕ ಕ) ಆನಂದಕಂದ ಡ) ಕಡತೀರದ ಭಾರ್ಗವ 14. ಹೊಳೆಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮಳಿಗೆ ಆಗೈದ ಲಗ್ನ ಇದು ಯಾವ ಕವನದ ಸಾಲು ಅ) ರೋಟ್ಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕೋವಿ ಬ) ಬೆಲ್ಟೀಯ ಹಾಡು ಕ) ಶ್ರಾವಣ ಡ) ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಹುಡುಗಿಯರ ಕನಸು 15. ಭಗವಂತ ಮಾನವರಿಗೆ ಕಾಣಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರೆ ಮೊದಲು ಅನ್ನದ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಣಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದವರು. ಅ) ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ಬ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕ) ಲಾ.ಬ. ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರಿ ಡ) ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿ 16. ಹಿಂದುಳಿದ ವರ್ಗಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರಕಾರಿ ಕೆಲಸಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮೀಸಲಾತಿ ನೀಡಲು ನಾಲ್ವಡಿ ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜ ಒಡೆಯರು ರಚಿಸಿದ ಆಯೋಗ ಅ) ಹಾವನೂರು ಆಯೋಗ ಬ) ವೆಂಕಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಆಯೋಗ ಕ) ನಾಲ್ಕಡಿ ಆಯೋಗ ಡ) ಮಿಲರ್ ಆಯೋಗ 17. ಶಿವರಾಮ ಕಾರಂತರಿಗೆ ಜ್ಞಾನಪೀಠ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ತಂದುಕೊಟ್ಟ ಕೃತಿ ಅ) ಚೋಮನ ದುಡಿ ಬ) ಮರಳಿ ಮಣ್ಣಿಗೆ ಕ) ಮೂಕಜ್ಷಿಯ ಕನಸುಗಳು ಡ) ಹುಚ್ಚ ಮನಸಿನ ಹತ್ತು ಮುಖಗಳು 18. ಕುವೆಂಪುರವರು ಅಣ್ಣಪ್ಪನನ್ನು ಹೀಗೆಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಅ) ಹಾಸ್ಯಗಾರ 💦 👘 ಞ) ನಗೆಗಾರ ಕ) ಗೇಣೆದಾರ ಡ) ಕೂಲಿಕಾರ 19. ಪಿ. ಲಂಕೇಶರ ಈ ಕೃತಿಗೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಅಕಾಡೆಮಿ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ಬಂದಿದೆ. ಅ) ಗುಣಮುಖ ಬ) ಸಂಕ್ರಾಂತಿ ಕ) ಕಲ್ಲು ಕರಗುವ ಸಮಯ ಡ) ಹುಳಿನೆನವು. 20. ಎಲ್ಲಾರಂಥವನಲ್ಲ ನನ್ನಗಂಡ – ಎಂದು ಹಾಡಿದ ಸಂತ ಅ) ಅಕ್ಕ ಮಹಾದೇವಿ ಬ) ಶಿಶುನಾಳ ಶರೀಫ ಕ) ಬಸವಣ್ಣ ಡ) ಸರ್ವಜ್ಞ.

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- 21. ಪರಿಸರದ ಕತೆಯ ಲೇಖಕರು ಅ) ಬಿ.ಜಿ. ಎಲ್ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಬ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ ಕ) ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ ಡ) ಪೂರ್ಣಚಂದ್ರ ತೇಜಸ್ವಿ
- 22. "ಗಾಂಧಿ" ಕಥೆಗಾರ ಅ) ಬೆಸಗರಹಳ್ಳಿ ರಾಮಣ್ಣ ಬ) ಪಿ. ಲಂಕೇಶ ಕ) ಯೂ. ಆರ್. ಆನಮತಮೂರ್ತಿ ಡ) ಕುವೆಂಪು
- 23. ಸಾವಿರಾರು ನದಿಗಳು ಕವನ ಸಂಕಲದ ಕವಿ ಅ) ಸು. ರಂ. ಎಕ್ಕುಂಡಿ ಹ) ಕೆ.ಎಸ್. ನಿಸಾರ್ ಅಹಮದ್ ಕ) ಸಿದ್ದಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ ಡ) ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ.
- 24. ವಿಶ್ವಾಮಿತ್ರನನ್ನು ಗೊರೂರು ಹೀಗೆಂದು ಕರೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅ) ಕ್ರಾಂತಿಕಾರ ಬ)ಸೃಷ್ಠಿಕಾರ ಕ) ಸಮಗಾರ ಡ) ಯವೂದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ.
- 25. "ನೀರು" ಕಥೆ ಈ ನದಿ ವಿವಾದದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅರಿವೂ ಮಾಡಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.
 ಅ)ಮಹಾದಾಯಿ ಬ) ಭೀಮ ಕ) ಕಾವೇರಿ ಡ) ನೇತ್ರಾವತಿ.
- 26. ಮೈಸುರೂ ರಾಜ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಎಂದು ನಾಮಕರಣ ಮಾಡಿದ ವರ್ಷ

 ಅ)1956
 ಬ) 1971

 ಹ) 1975
 ಡ) 1973.
- 27. ಮೆಲ್ಲಮೆಲ್ಲನೆ ಇದು ಅ)ದ್ವಿರುಕ್ತಿ ಬ)ಬೋಡುನುಡಿ ಕ) ಅನುಕರಣ ಅವ್ಯಯ ಡ) ಯಾವುದು ಅಲ್ಲ
- 28. "ಮಕ್ಕಳು ಮರಿ" ಇದು

 ಅ) ದ್ವಿರುಕ್ತಿ ಬ) ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯ ರೂಪ ಕ) ಜೋಡುನುಡಿ ಡ) ಅನುಕರಣ ಪದ
- 29. ಗಳಗಳನೆ ಇದು ಅ) ಅನುದರಣ ಅವ್ಯಯ ಬ) ದ್ವಿರುಕ್ತಿ ಕ)ಜೋಡುನುಡೆ ಪದ ಡ) ಸಂಭಾಂಧ ವಾಚದ ಪದ
- 30. ಆಕಾಶ ಇದರ ತತ್ಭವ ರೂಪ ಅ) ಆಗಸ ಬ) ಅಗಸ ಕ) ಆಕಾಶ ಡ) ಆಗಾಸ.

**** Ver - D 4 of 4



Note : Substitute the words from the following each sentence in appropriate place. [From Q No. 6 to 8]

- 6.Doctor Aushadi _____ (kodu)
a) Heltare(kodu)
b) Kottaruc) Sigtared) Kelu
- 7. Leela ivattu bengalurige _____ (Hogu)

 a) Hoguttane
 b) Hoguttale
 c) ide
 d) Howdu
- 8. TV_____tale novu baruttade. (Nodu) a) Odidare b) Kelidre c) Nodidre d) Idre

Note : Write the English word for given Kannada word [From Q No. 9 to 12]

- 9. Vayasu: a) Year b) Month c) Week d) Age

- - Note: Fill in the blank choosing the right word from the group below :
- 13. Neevu Hege
 ?

 a) Iddare
 b) Iddiri

 c) Iddale
 d) Iddi

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Note : Translate the following Kannada question into English.
[from question No. 14 to 15]
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- 14. Aa Pustaka olleyadu.
 - a) Which book is good?
 - c) My book is good.

b) That book is good.

d) Hall

d) Her book is bad.

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Ver-A 2 of 4
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15. Naanu beligge Edde. a) I got up late. b) I got up in the morning. c) I like sleeping. d) He woke up late. Note : Translate the following English words to Kannada [from Q No. 16 to 20] 16. Curd: a) Majjige b) Anna c) Sambar d) Mosaru 17. Grass: b) Hallu a) Hullu d) Mullu c) Bellu 18. To laugh: c) Bidu a)Hogu b) Nagu d) Magu 19. Hot water: a) Tanneru b) Bella c) Bisi neeru d) Hasiru 20. Lesson: a) Paata b) Nota d) Jagala c) Parisara Note : Translate the Kannada word into English. [From Q No. 21 to 30] 21. Maralu: a) Land b) Sand c) People d) Bank 22. Samparka: a) Run b) Father c) Contact d) Doubt 23. Hatti: a) Cotton b) Bread c) Jar d) King 24. Parisara: b) Class d) Environment a) Daily c) Duty

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